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Expansion of Trade - Renaissance Europe

Trade was a major part of life in the Renaissance. It allowed for the exchange of ideas from place to place and culture to culture as merchants and visitors mingled as well as added to the wealth of many trading city-states. The economy of many city-states, such as Florence, was flexible and included many guilds for different jobs.

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The term 'Renaissance' - referring to the revolution in cultural and artistic life that took place in Europe in the 15th and 16th centuries - was first applied as late as the 19th century, when ...

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Renaissance is a French word meaning "rebirth." It refers to a period in European civilization that was marked by a revival of Classical learning and wisdom. The Renaissance saw many contributions to different fields, including new scientific laws, new forms of art and architecture, and new religious and political ideas.

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The Renaissance. Few historians are comfortable with the triumphalist and western Europe-centred image of the Renaissance as the irresistible march of modernity and progress. A sharp break with medieval values and institutions, a new awareness of the individual, an awakened interest in the material world and nature, and a recovery of the cultural heritage of ancient Greece and Rome—these ...

History of Europe - The Renaissance | Britannica

The Renaissance Vocabulary 1. Andreas Vesalius—Belgian doctor from the Renaissance; father of human anatomy 2. Atlantic Slave Trade—the practice of selling enslaved Africans as a labor force in the Americas 3. Bartolomeu Dias—Portuguese explorer who sailed around the Cape of Good Hope 4. Christopher Columbus—Italian explorer who sailed to the West Indies

Map of Europe During

the Renaissance

The period of Renaissance was a cultural movement developed during the 14th to the 17th century, beginning in Florence in the Late Middle Ages and later spreading to the rest of Europe. Being developed in the city-states of Italy in the fourteenth, fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, the uncertainty in economic and political situation supplied the material for new intellectual, cultural, and ...

Slavery during the Renaissance

The Renaissance spread to that area of Europe around the second half of the 15th century, and subsequently became intertwined with the Protestant Reformation of the early 16th century. Apart from its involvement in the Protestant Reformation, the German Renaissance is most notable for the printing press, which was invented by Johannes Gutenberg around the middle of the 15th century.

The Renaissance: The 'Rebirth' That Changed the World ...

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Economy and Trade | Encyclopedia.com

Although the Silk Road was major trade route, few of the travellers along the road were European. Marco Polo was in the right place to have experiences that were available only to a handful of Europeans of his time. 40 Unit 1 Renaissance Europe The Rise of International Trade What factors contributed to the rise of trade be-

tween Western Europe ...

2 of Trade The Expansion

What was the Renaissance? How did the Renaissance spark the growth and exchange of ideas and knowledge across Europe (i.e., astronomy, mathematics, science, politics, religion, arts)? How did the physical geography of Renaissance Europe affect trade and competition among European countries?

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